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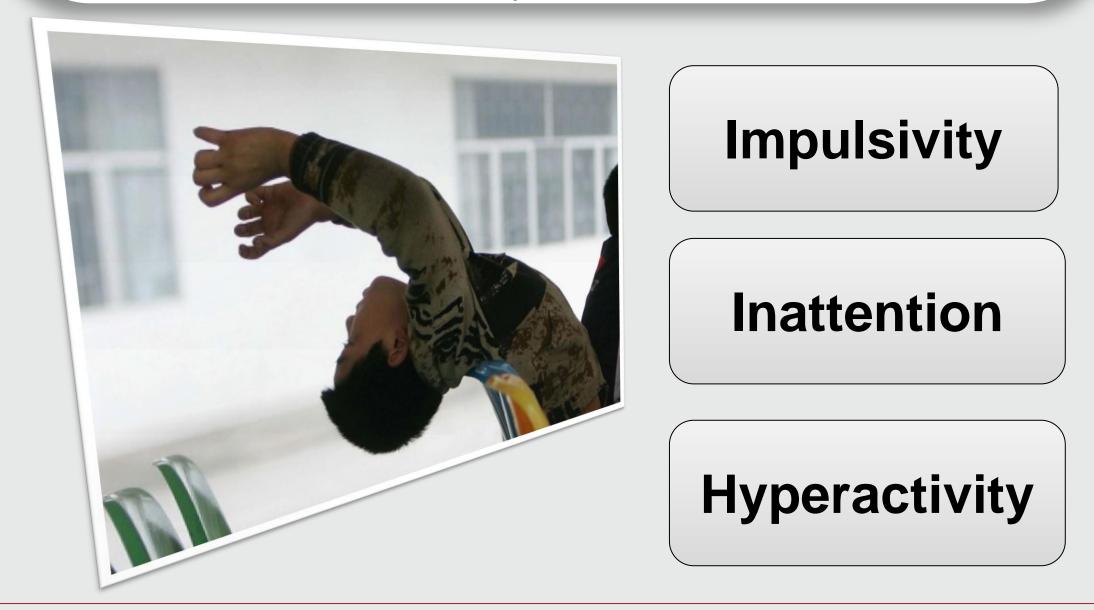


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AUTOMATIC ADHD DIAGNOSTIC TEST BASED ON SEGMENTATION OF HEAD AND BODY OF THE CAUDATE NUCLEUS

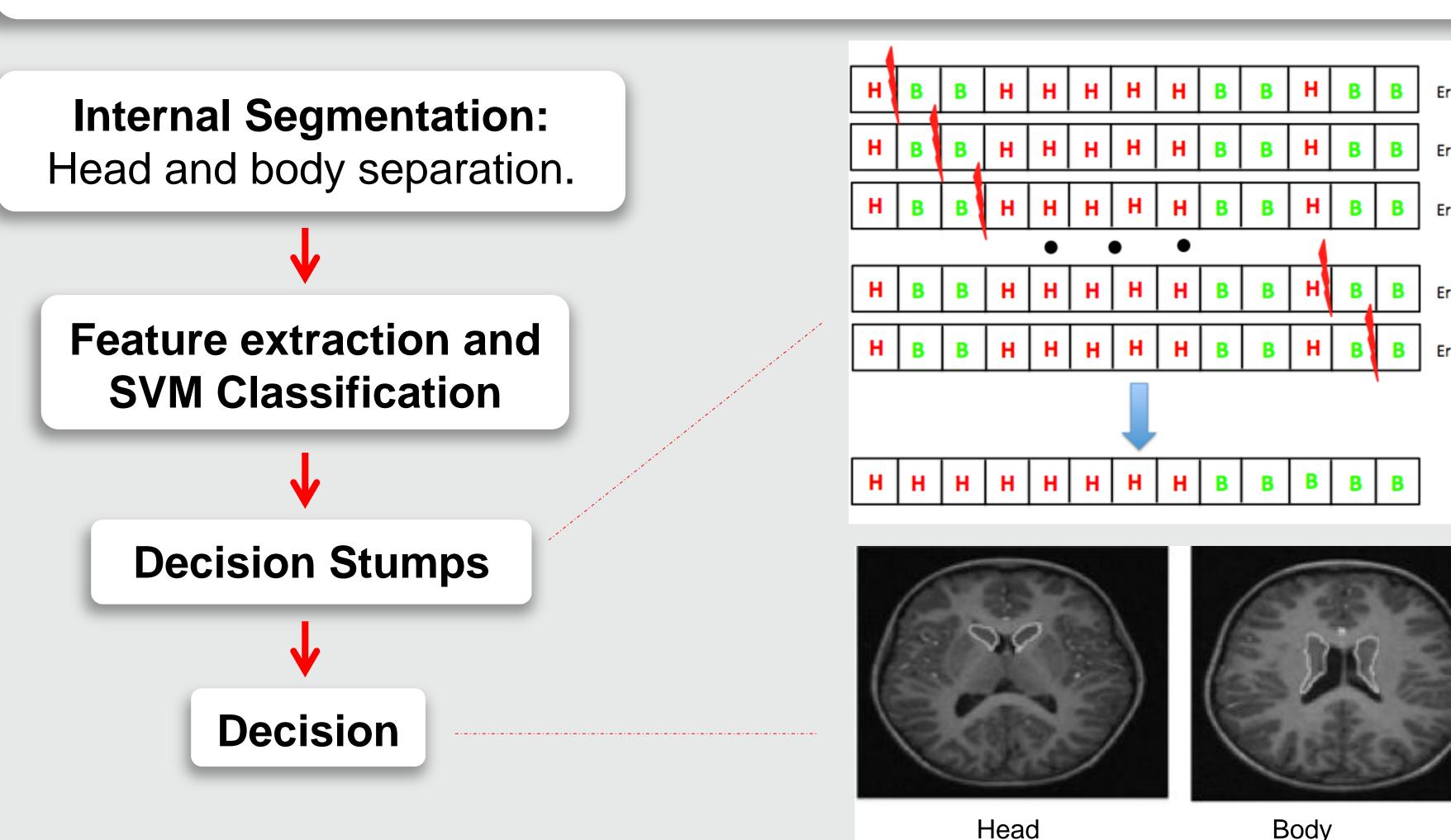
ADHD: Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder

Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) is a characterized developmental disorder by inattentiveness, hyperactivity motor an impulsiveness, which represents the most prevalent psychiatric disorder in childhood. Studies on volumetric brain Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) show neuroanatomical abnormalities in pediatric ADHD [1]. The diminished right caudate volume is one of the most replicated findings among ADHD samples in morphometric MRI studies [2]. Here is presented an automatic diagnostic methodology based on this abnormality.



1. METHOD

External caudate segmentation: is performed using the recently proposed **CaudateCut** segmentation algorithm [3] especially conceived for the caudate segmentation.



2. Diagnostic Test

Based on [4], the diagnosis is based on a ratio between right caudate body volume (rCBV) and the bilateral caudate body volume (bCBV), rCBV/bCBV.

Receiver Operating Characteristic (ROC) curve analysis.

Optimal Cut-Off Value (OCOV) is estimated as the optimal ratio for which the specificity is greater or equal than a threshold Th_spec.

Apply OCOV to determine whether an MRI volume correspond to control or ADHD patient.

Results

Internal Segmentation:

Accuracy	Sensitivity	Specificity
92.05%	92.27%	92.50%

Diagnostic Test:

Sensitivity	Specificity	OCOV
48.72%	84.62%	0.4828

Conclusion

References

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