



Human Pose Recovery
and Behavior Analysis
group

Posture Analysis and Range of Movement Estimation using Depth Maps

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 - Matching protocol
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Motivation

- **80% of the world population** is affected of **back pain** during his life.
- Many current practices to analyze back problems are expensive, subjective, and invasive.
- A **novel tool** for posture and range of movement estimation based on the analysis of 3D information from depth maps:
 - Reeducating to prevent MSDs.
 - Tracking the patient's evolution in rehab.



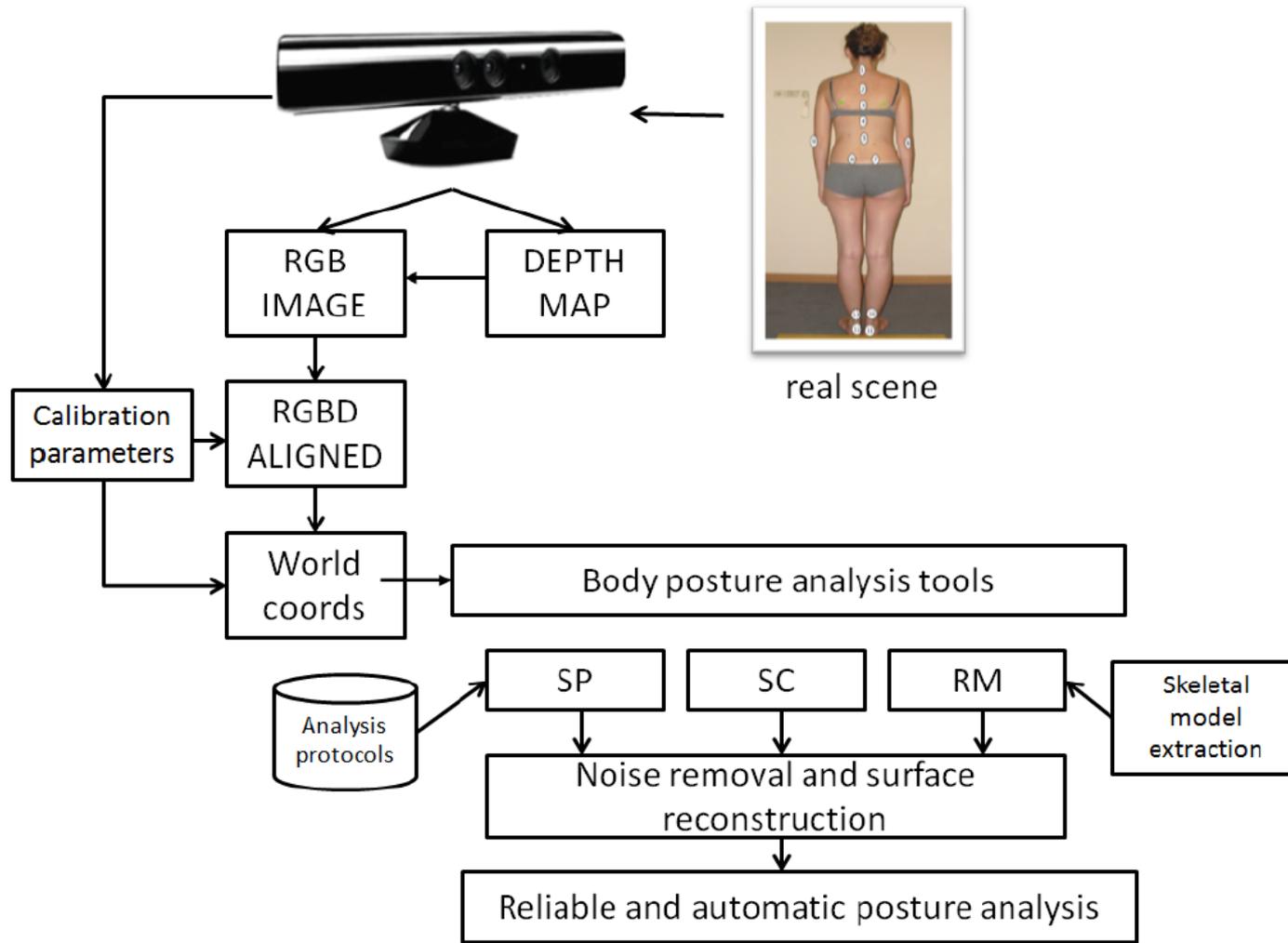
System architecture

System architecture

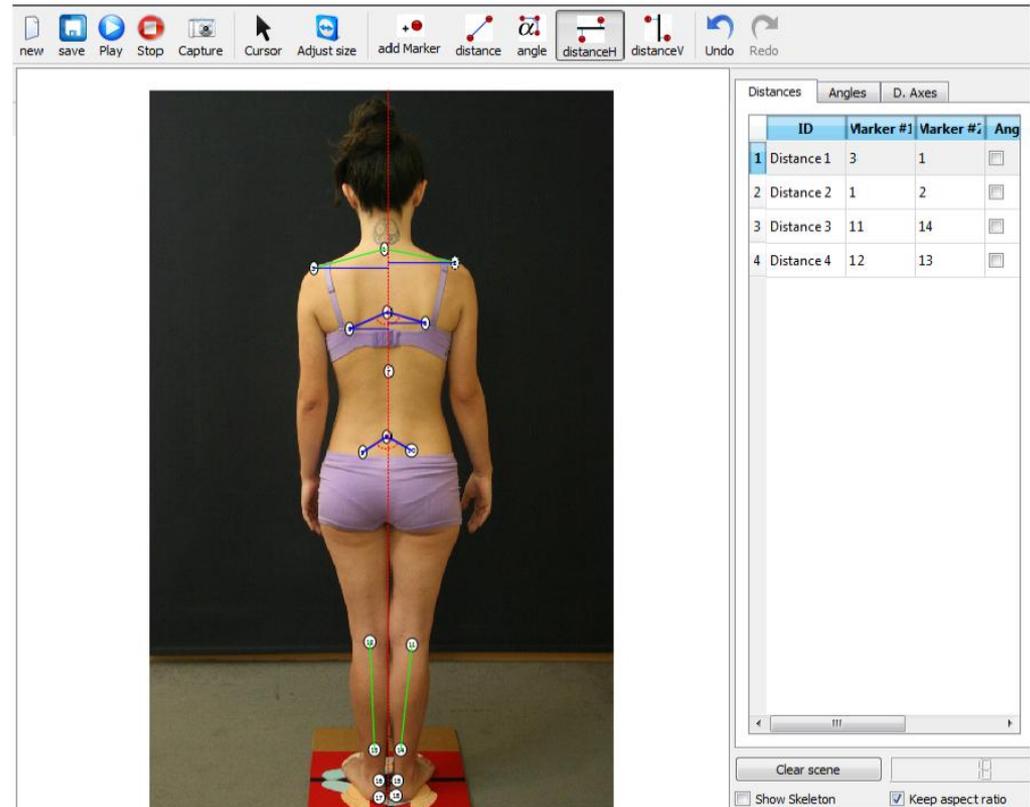
Results

Applications

Conclusions



- **keypoints** are manually set from RGB data displayed in the screen.
- The relations (three-dimensional measurements) are established among the **keypoints** defined by the user.
- We define a **protocol** as a set of keypoints and the relations among them.
- Given a new set of points, we could **apply a predefined protocol** or perform a **free analysis**.



- Sum of least squares minimization.

$$\operatorname{argmin}_{C'} \sum_{i=1}^N \|C'_i - T_i\|^2$$

- Soft pre-alignment using *Iterative Closest Point* (ICP).

$$E(\mathcal{R}, \mathcal{T}) = \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^N w_{i,j} \|T_i - \mathcal{R}(C_j) - \mathcal{T}\|^2$$

- Correspondence relaxation based on adjacency matrix A .

$$A(i, j) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } M(i, j) < \theta_M \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Spine Curvature (SC) analysis

System architecture

Results

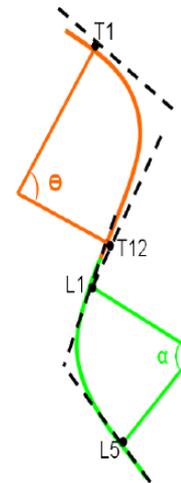
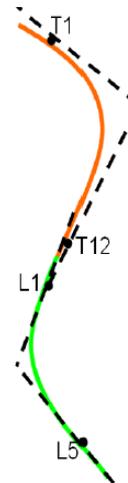
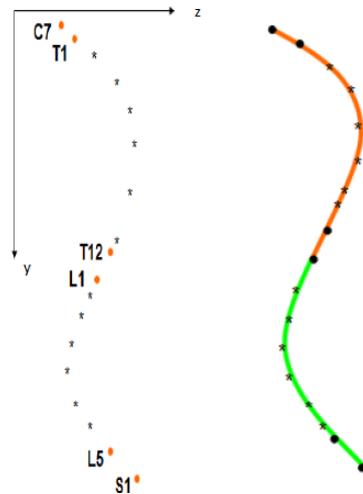
Applications

Conclusions

(A)



(B)



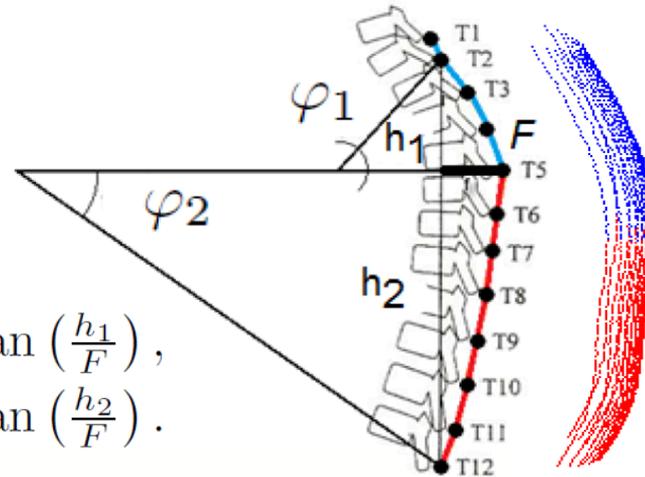
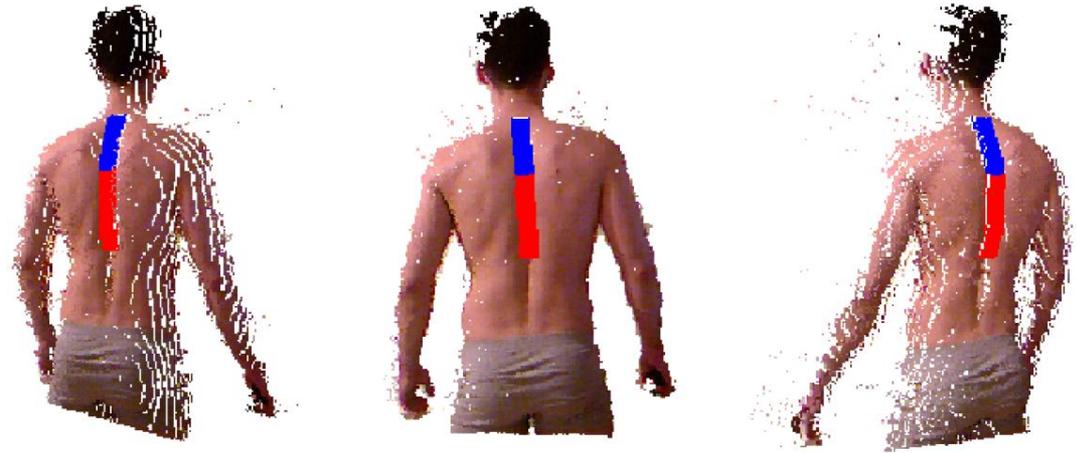
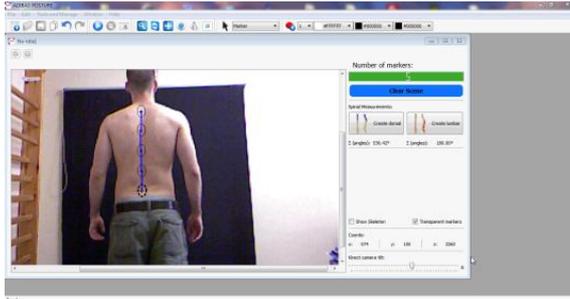
Spine Curvature (SC) analysis

System architecture

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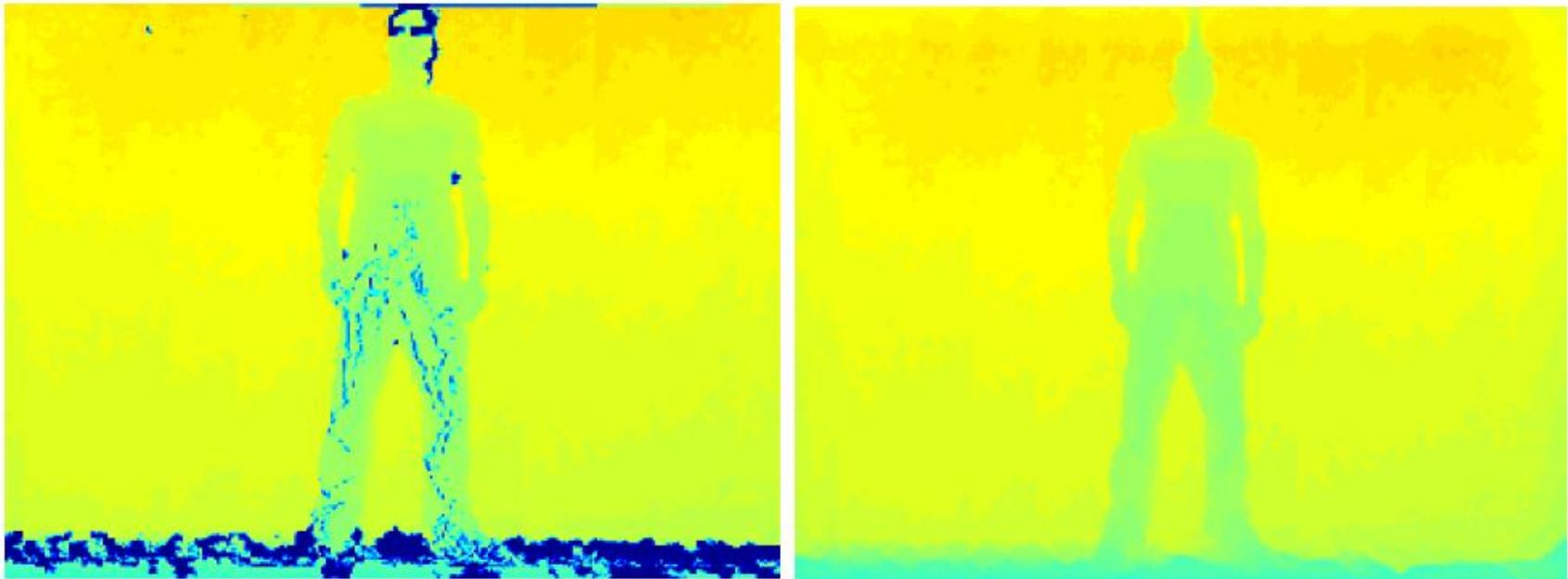
Conclusions



$$\varphi_1 = 180 - 2 \cdot \arctan\left(\frac{h_1}{F}\right),$$

$$\varphi_2 = 180 - 2 \cdot \arctan\left(\frac{h_2}{F}\right).$$

- **Noisy depth maps**
 - Statistical noise removal.
 - Filling Holes (Inpaint Naive Strokes*).



M. Bertalmio, A. L. Bertozzi, G. Sapiro, "Navier-Stokes, Fluid Dynamics, and Image and Video Inpainting", Proceedings of the International Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition, IEEE, Dec. 2001, Kauai, HI, volume I, pp. I-355-I362

- **Random Forest** limbs pixel-level labeling.

$$f_{\theta}(D, \mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{D}\left(\mathbf{x} + \frac{\mathbf{u}}{D_{\mathbf{x}}}\right) - \mathbf{D}\left(\mathbf{x} + \frac{\mathbf{v}}{D_{\mathbf{x}}}\right),$$

$$P(l_i | D, \mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{\tau} \sum_{j=1}^{\tau} P_j(l_i | D, \mathbf{x})$$

- **Skeletal model** extraction from the segmented limbs.



- **Data and settings**
 - **SPA**
 - 500 tests labeled by three different observers (inter-observer correlation > 99% for all planes).
 - A test contains a set of angles and distances, placing twelve infrared led markers on the body of the subject.
 - 20 subjects.
 - Automatic validation of the tests: infrared markers are detected by means of thresholding a HSV infrared-filtered image.
 - **SCA**
 - 10 subjects.
 - Leroux protocol, placing nine markers over the spine.
 - The relationship between lateral anthropometric and radiographic measures was assessed with the mean of the differences.

- **Validation**

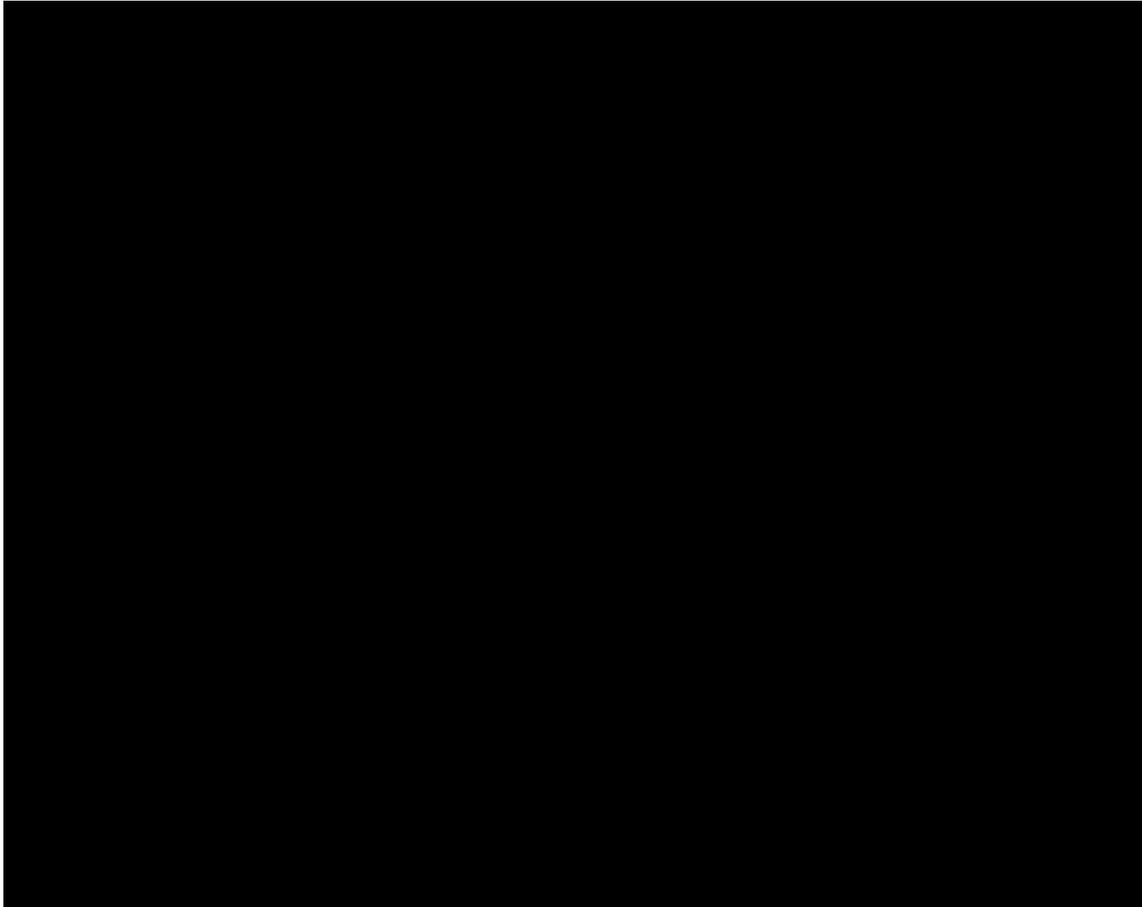
- **AAV** correspond to the average absolute value
- '°' corresponds to the degree.
- **SPA**

Distance subject-device (m)	1,3	1,9	2,2
AAV (° movement)	2,2	3,8	5,2
AAV (mm)	0,98	1,42	2,1
AAV (° angles)	0,51	1,04	1,24
AAV (%)	0,46	0,77	1,3
Standard Error (%)	1,01	1,18	1,71

Pose and range of movement precision.

- **Validation**
 - **SP**

Curvature	X-Ray Mean (SD) Range	Flexicurve Mean (SD) Range	Difference Mean (SD) Range	Absolute Difference Mean (SD)	$\leq 5^\circ$ n	$5^\circ < x \leq 10^\circ$ N	$> 10^\circ$ N
Thoracic	43.7 (11.0) 18° to 71°	42.9 (8.8) 26° to 65°	0.8 (8.1) -16° to 16°	6.5 (4.7)	26	12	9
Lumbar	40.5 (10.1) 22° to 62°	40.0 (7.9) 21° to 59°	0.5 (8.3) -17° to 16°	6.8 (4.6)	23	13	11



- Semi-automatic posture analysis and range of movement estimation using **multi-modal data (rgb + depth)**.
- Provides assistance in the **posture reeducation task** to **prevent and treat** MSDs.
- Gaussian noise is removed and depth map is reconstruct as a **preprocessing step**.
- Keypoints defined by the physician are matched using a **novel point-to-point fitting procedure**.
- **High precision** in terms of **distance, degree, and range of movement** estimation.
- **Clinical specialists** supports its inclusion in the **clinical routine**.



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Thanks

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